



The best time to tour one of Türkiye's exceptional vineyard routes is between April 'Bud Breaking' and early October 'Harvest Time'. Some even offer their guests the chance to help with the grape harvest.

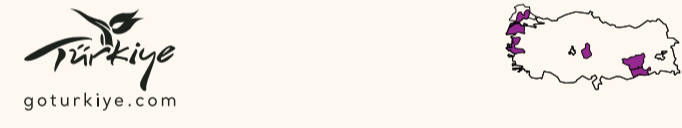
Today, Türkiye is a major player in global grape production with numerous indigenous grape varieties. And five major varieties dominate; **Boğazkere**, **Emir**, **Kalecik Karası**, **Narince** and **Öküzgözü**. Eastern Anatolia, **Cappadocia** and the **TurkAegean** regions have the highest production in the country.

The wide range of climates and seasonal variations among countries producing grapes for viticulture. 1,000 grape varieties, Türkiye ranks fourth in the world Anatolia between 5000 and 8500 BCE. With up to of grape seeds and viticulture began in Northeast of Archaeological evidence shows that the domestication viticulture and the earliest grape culture in the world. Türkiye has long been considered the homeland of

growing grapes. Vineyard estates are spread throughout Türkiye. Turkish wines are served with local delicacies throughout the country, and of course, along the various vineyard routes, there is the opportunity to explore and taste the food pairing, especially with local cheese!

VINEYARDS OF TÜRKİYE

RHAPSODY OF GRAPES



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Bozcaada, Çanakkale

Bozcaada is the third largest Turkish island and home to six viticulture sites, so there is a lot of variety to explore and savour. Bozcaada also hosts a four-day harvest festival that is organised every September. With live music, lovely market stalls and souvenirs, art exhibitions, panels, and theatre performances, the festival is an all-in-one experience that shouldn't be missed.

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Bozcaada's 3000-Year-Old Viticulture Heritage

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Stretching as far as Mesopotamia

The **Anatolian Vineyard Route** stretches some distance as far as the Southeastern Türkiye. And it is here where the merits and science of viticulture are really put the test as the grapes have to cope with extremities of cold winters and dry summers. Today, Türkiye is a major player in global grape production with numerous indigenous grape varieties. Ankara is known for Kalecik Karası and Tokat is famous for Narince. Furthermore, from the red wave of **Malatya**, **Elazığ** and **Diyarbakır**, the region benefits from the historical heritage from the **Hattis** and **Hittites**.

Meanwhile, a little further, the **Midyat** and **Mardin** varieties are famed for their millennia-old viticulture history in Eastern and Southeastern Türkiye. They are created from native grapes **Mazruna** and **Kerkus**.

With such diversity of landscape, flavour, and riches of wine, comes the enviable task of exploring flavours with these wonderful cheese pairings. From the characteristic and classic aroma of **Erzincan Tulumu**, the brined and stringy **Civil** cheese, the veiny delight of **Göğermiş**, and the quintessential excellence of **Kars Gravyeri**.



Midyat, Mardin

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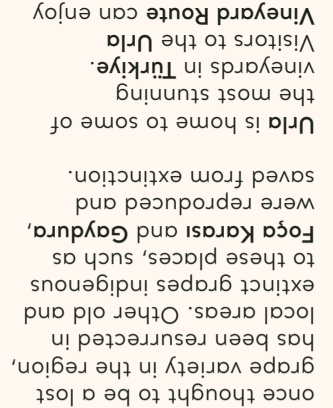


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Çeşme, İzmir

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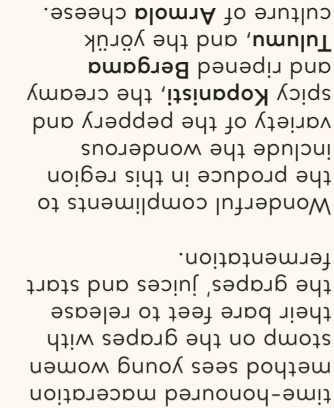


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Uria Grapes

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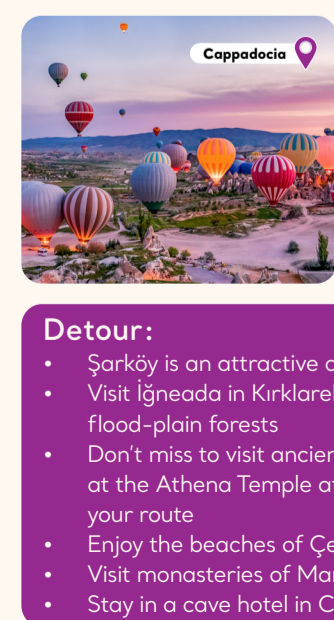


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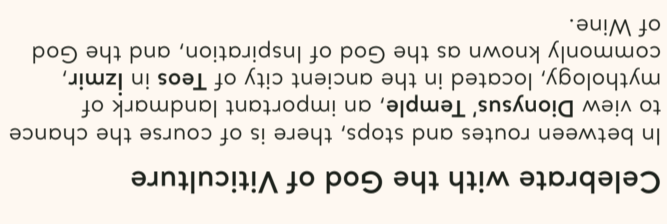
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Vineyards, Tekirdağ

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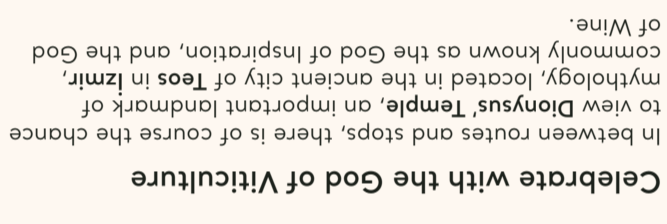
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VINEYARDS OF TÜRKİYE

RHAPSODY OF GRAPES

1. TEKİRDAĞ
· ŞARKÖY
2. ÇANAKKALE
· GELİBOLU
· BOZCAADA
3. İZMİR
· URLA



Gelibolu

TEKİRDAĞ



Şarköy

ÇANAKKALE

Gökçeada

Bozcaada

Assos

İZMİR

Çeşme

Urla

Seferihisar

Selçuk



COLOR CODES

- HISTORY & CULTURE
- GASTRONOMY
- FAITH
- WELL BEING
- OUTDOOR & NATURE

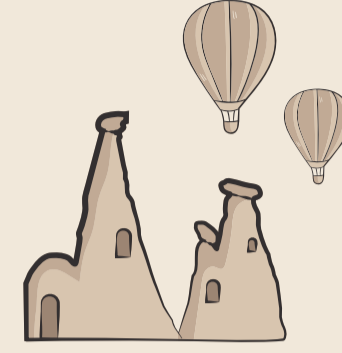


1. NEVŞEHİR
· AVANOS
· GÖREME
· ÜRGÜP
· UÇHISAR
· ORTAHISAR

Avanos



NEVŞEHİR



Göreme



Uçhisar



Ürgüp

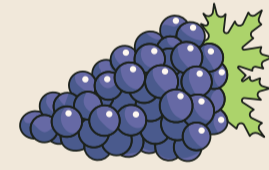


Ortahisar

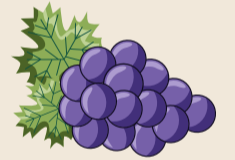


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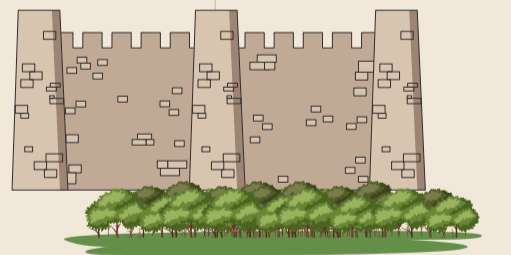
MALATYA



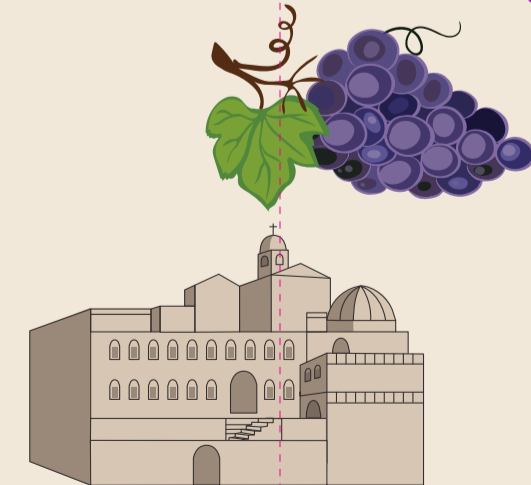
ELAZIĞ



DİYARBAKIR



1. MALATYA
2. ELAZIĞ
3. DİYARBAKIR
4. MARDİN
· MİDYAT



Midyat



MARDİN

04

